



Presence-Absence Broth, PA | AS-

1334

Used for detecting *coliform* microorganisms in treated water.

Presence-Absence Broth is a selective enrichment medium, which was created especially for the presumptive detection of *coliform* bacteria in water samples.

Peptones and meat extract are among the nutrients included in the medium's composition, which promotes the growth of a variety of microorganisms. As the main carbon source, lactose is fermented by *coliforms* to create acid and frequently gas, which is an indication of a positive result. The selective agent sodium lauryl sulfate increases the medium's specificity for *coliforms* by preventing the growth of many Gram-positive bacteria and some Gram-negative non-*coliforms*. Because lactose fermentation produces acid, bromocresol purple functions as a pH indicator, visually indicating the presence of *coliforms* by changing color from purple to yellow. Gas production, often observed in Durham tubes, further confirms the presence of *coliforms*.

Presence-Absence Broth is regarded as a presumptive test even though it is a quick and effective way to find *coliforms*. To positively identify *coliform* species, positive results usually need to be confirmed by additional testing, like the Membrane Filter or Multiple Tube Fermentation procedure.

Composition (gr/L)

Peptones	5
Meat Extract	3
Tryptose	9.8
Lactose	7.46
Sodium Chloride	2.46
Dipotassium Hydrogen Phosphate	1.35
Potassium Dihydrogen Phosphate	1.35
Sodium Lauryl Sulfate	0.05
Bromocresol Purple	0.0085
Final pH at 25°C	6.8 ± 0.2

Preparation

For preparation of triple strength concentrated broth, dissolve 91.5 g of the powder into 1 liter distilled water. Mix well. Pour 50 ml amount into 250 ml milk dilution bottles. Autoclave at 121°C for 12 min.

Quality Control

Dehydrated Appearance: Beige, free-flowing, homogeneous.

Prepared Appearance: Purple, clear to very slightly opalescent, without significant precipitate.

Reaction of 3.05% Solution at 25°C: pH 6.8 ± 0.2

Microbial Test Results

After sterilization, allow the medium cool to room temperature. Add 100 ml of drinking water. Inoculate with test organisms. incubate at 35 ± 0.5 °C for 18 to 48 hours.



Organism (ATCC)	Recovery	Color Change
<i>Escherichia coli</i> (25922)	Good	Yellow with or without gas production
<i>Escherichia coli</i> (13762)	Good	Yellow with or without gas production
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> (29212)	None to poor	No change
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> (27853)	Partial inhibition to fair	No change

Storage

Keep the container at 15-30 °C and prepared medium at 2-8 °C.